

HOW IT WORKS IN BiH?

Population: 3,8 mil.
Capital: Sarajevo (500.000 residents)
Three nations: Serbs, Bosniaks and Croats
GDP p/c: 4.940\$

Complicated territorial structure:

2 entities (RS & FBiH) + District of Brcko
FBiH is divided into 10 cantons

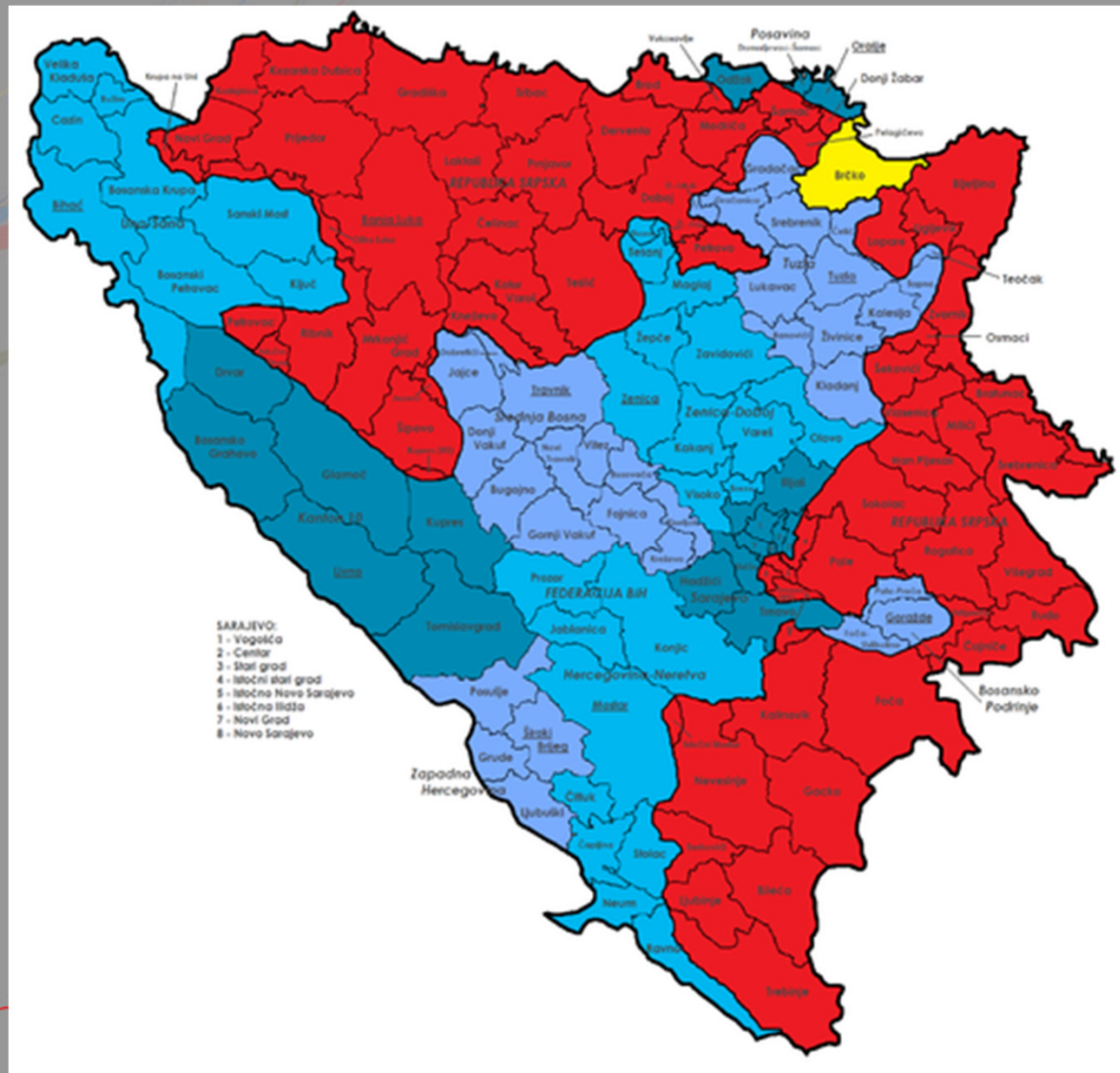
Every territorial unit has legislative authority (the same law 14 times)



ENTITIES AND CANTONS



MUNICIPALITIES



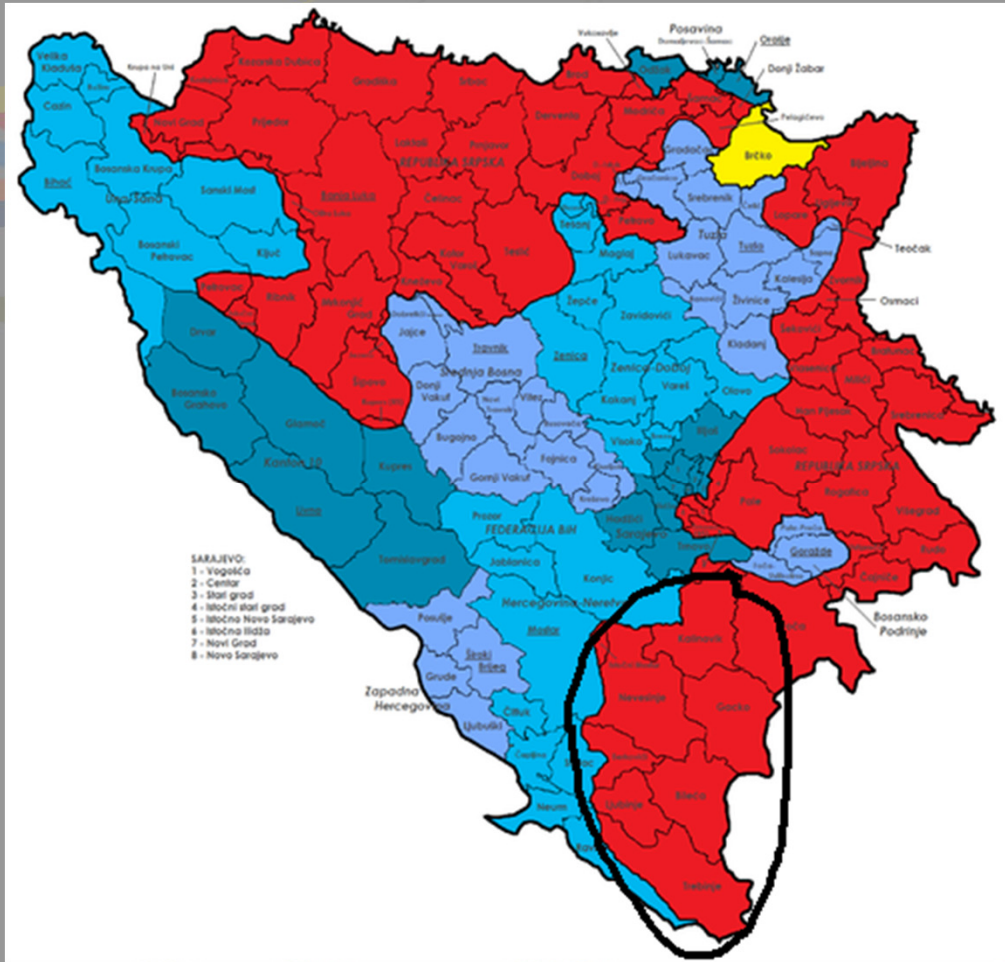
FRAMEWORK FOR IMC

- Legal framework is not an obstacle for IMC
- No clear guidance for IMC
- IMC is directly promoted only in the regulation of the waste management
- Entity regulations on waters and environment are not promoting IMC

REASONS FOR SMALL VOLUME OF IMC

- **Lack of information on the benefits of IMC**
- **Lack of trust (only 16% of people trust in other people)**
- **Political differences between municipal leaders**
- **Fear of loosing control**
- **Lack of capacities for management of IMC projects**
- **Lack of funds**

Union of Municipalities of East Herzegovina



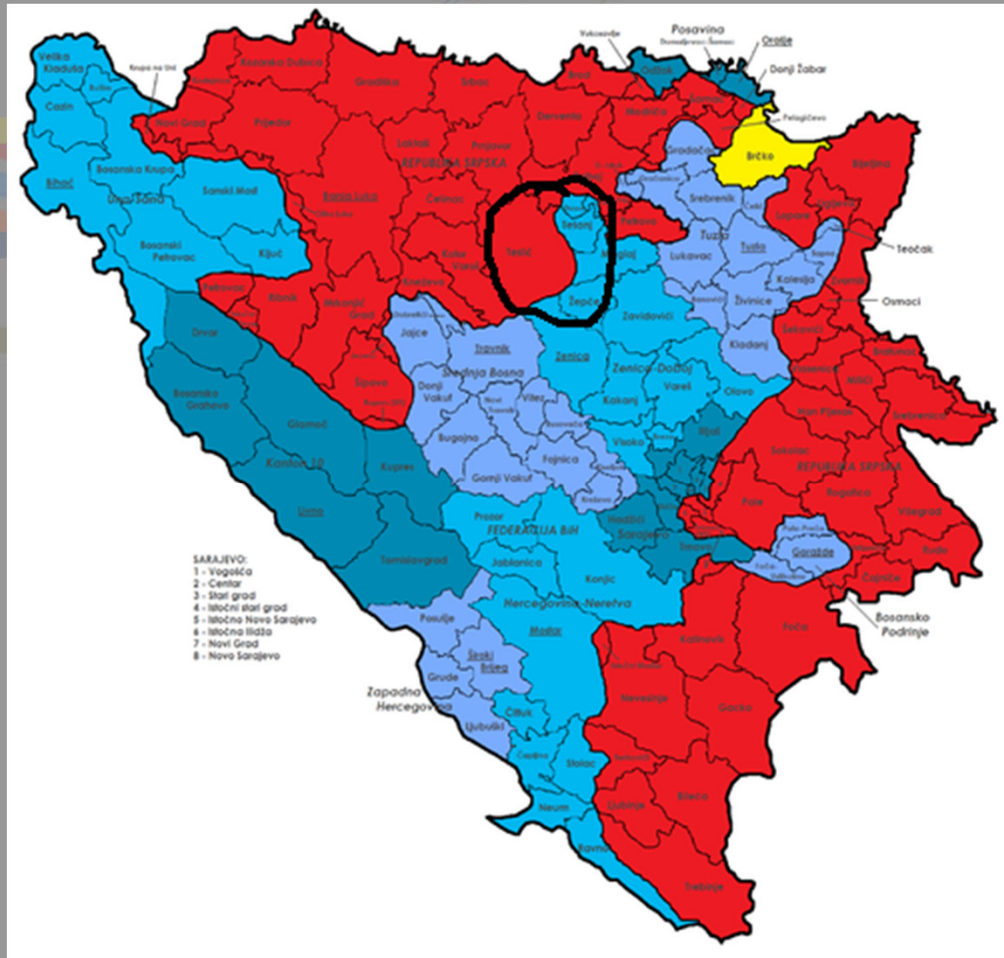
Established in 2005 by 7 municipalities (Agreement)
80.000 residents and 4.000 km2

**Council and Executive council
are representing all founders**

**Development Agency, Agency
for Planning and Urbanism,
Agency for Information,
Culture, Sports and Tourism**

Financing: 3% of municipal budget

Micro-Region of 3 municipalities



Established in 2012 by 3 municipalities for promotion of micro-region (130.000 residents)

All decisions - consensus

Financing: 65% from municipalities involved and 35% from donors

Top 10 South European regions – best investment locations

Weak point: agreement of the mayors but not councils

