







#### EC/EU social policy in historical perspective

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# Ohlin report, 1956

- A strong and uniform European social dimension is not convenient, because:
  - 1. social and labour policies are the product of the specific economic, political and cultural situation existing in each country, which must not be artificially changed
  - 2. international differences in social policies and wage levels are indispensable to ensure the functioning of the comparative advantage mechanism
- Economic integration will generate resources to enable broad advances in social standards and to promote a progressive "upward harmonization" of national social systems and living conditions.





# Social norms in the EEC treaty (1957)

- Free circulation of labour (artt. 48-51)
- Equal conditions and salaries between men and women workers (art. 119)
- European Social Fund (artt. 123-127)
- European common policy of vocational training (art. 128, never concretely applied)





#### The 1970s: a new generation of social policies

- 1970, 1974-1978: European tripartite conferences
  - (mostly aimed at fighting unemployment)
- 1972, 1977, 1983: reforms and strengthening of the European Social Fund
- 1974: first Social Action Programme of the EEC
  - New directives (equal opportunities, health & safety at work)
  - New specialized agencies: Cedefop (VT) and Eurofound





# The "Delors era"

- 1985: establishment of the European Social Dialogue
- 1986: Single European Act
  - Economic and social cohesion as a target of the Community
  - Qualified majority for new legislation on H&S at work
- 1988, 1993: Reform and strengthening of the "structural funds"
  - (including the ESF)
- 1989: Community Charter of the Workers' Social Rights
- 1990-95: new Social Action Programmes
  - European Works Councils
- 1992: Maastricht Treaty (the "social protocol")
  - Quicker decision-making on some aspects of social policy
  - Further strengthening of the European Social Dialogue







#### Novelties and projects of the 1990s

- 1993: White paper «Growth, competitiveness and employment»
  - Education and training, social dialogue, labour mobility
- 1997: Treaty of Amsterdam
  - European Employment Strategy (OMC)
- 2000: Lisbon Strategy
  - Knowledge economy (through research, education and training)
  - Full employment by 2010
- The crisis of 2008 and the end of the illusions





### EU budget rules and social rights

Number of recommendations addressed by the European Commission to individual Member States between 2011 and 2018, asking to:

- slow wage growth: 50
- introduce more flexibility in employment contracts : 38
- reform the pension system : 105
  - reduce expenditure on public healthcare systems and/or open them up to privatisation: 63





### A stronger social Europe?

- Covid-19 crisis
  - (momentary) relaxation of budgetary rules
  - Next generation EU
- 2017: European Pillar of Social Rights
  - Affirms a number of rights that should be recognised to all European workers
  - New directives on minimum wage (2022), platform workers (2024), due diligence (2024)











